by DESU in keeping the lights on much after the dawn and much before the dusk for the simple reason that there are no devices available for switching off the street lights from the main point; and

(d) if so, what steps have been taken by Government to save electricity?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF POWER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (SHRI KALPNATH RAI): (a) During the Energy Conservation Week held from the 2nd to 9th February, 1989, a large number of activities and functions were organised at various places in Delhi. The Department of Power sanctioned about Rs. 19 lakhs for expenditure on various events of the Energy Conservation Week.

(b) Energy Conservation Week was held with a view to intensifying awarenes$_s$ about the imperative need for energy conservation in all sectors of the economy. Workshops/seminars on energy conservation in the coal sector, agricultural sector, refineries, textile and oaper industry, road transport, railway workshops, thermal power stations, small and medium industries hotel industry, construction and bui'ding industry, etc. were held.

(c) and (d) It 's not correct that lot of electricity is wasted by DESU in keeping the lights on after the daw$_n$ and before dusk.

Telephony connections in Shaktinagar Telephone Exchange

2938. SHRl M. KADHARSHA: Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state;

(a) what are the details of registrant-? fo$_r$ telephone connections under the OVT •scheme tn Aoril, 1984 under the Shaktinagar Exchange area in Delhi;

(b) what is the number of those registrants who have heen provided telenhone connections in that area under the said scheme and of those who are still to be provided telephone connections;

(c) whether it is a fact that some telephone connections have been provided overlooking the priority of the registrants referred to in part (a) above;

(d) what remedial action Government propose t$_0$ take in the matter; and

(e) at what stage th$_e$ priority of the left-over registrants of April, 1984 in the- said exchange stands at present and by when they are likely to be provided telephone connections?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI GIRIDHAR GOMANGO); (a) to (c) 19 applications were received for provision of telephone connections under OYT scheme in April, 1984 under Shakti Nagar Exchange Area in Delhi, of these 14 were from individuals. 3 from Companies belonging to private sector and two from public sector undertaking. All the 19 applicants have been provided telephone connections.

(d) and (e) Do not arise.

Electrification under 'Kutir Jyoti' Scheme

2939. SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state;

(a) what was the target in terms of numbe$_r$ of houses in which electricity was to be provided under 'Kutir Jvoti' Scheme during the last year; and

(b) in how many houses actuary the electricity was provided?

THE MINTSTER OF STATE TN THE DEPARTMENT OF POWER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (SHRI KALPNATH RAI); fa) and (b) Under Kutir Jvoti Scheme, a target of 5 lakh connections has been fixed for 1988-39. Unto th$_{3}$ e"d of February, 1989. about 2.04]akh connections have

been provided in the rural poor households under this scheme.

Allocation of soft coke to Kerala

2S40. SHRI ARANGIL SREEDHARAN: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state;

(a) total number of wagons of soft soke a.located to different States in 1988;

(b) whether Government propose to increase the allocation of soft coke to Kerala State in 1989; and

(c) if so, w'hat are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI VASANT SATHE); (a) to (c) During the Calendar Year, 1988, 21.2 lakh tonnes of soft coke was allocated to the States/Union Territories. During this period no allocation was made to Kerala State as no demand was received from the State Government. Allocation to Kerala State wou'd be considered if the State Government authorities furnish the requirements to the Department of Coal.

Estimated Potential of Wind Energy in the Country

2941. SHRI K. V. THANGKABALU: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state;

(a) the present estimated potential Of wind energy in the country, Statewise;

(b) the quantum of wind energy being exploited at present, State-wise; and

(c) the State-wise in vestments on wind energv projects during the Seventh Plan Period indicating the investment needed?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI VASANT SATHE); (a) The total wind power potential is estimated to be of the order of 20,000 MW. Precise State-wise estimates have not yet been made, however, based on available information, a large part of this potential exists in the States of Gujarat and Tamil Nadu. With a view to evolve a more comprehensive wind resource data base and to assess wind potential more accurately in different States, wind survey projects have been taken up in 18 States,

(b) The number of wind pumps installed, State-wise, upto 28th February, 1989 is given in Statement-I. The installed capacity for wind power projects, State-wise is given in Statement-II.

(c) The expenditure incurred by the Department of Non-Conventional Energy Sources on major wind energy projects undertaken in the Seventh Plan in wind prone States having good potential for wind energy exploitation is given below;

States	Amount (Rs. in crores)
Tamil Nadu	6.75
Gujarat	4.50
Orissa	2.10
Maharashtra	1.90
Andhra Pradesh	1.25
Karnattaka	0.90
Madhya Pradesh	0.75

This includes investment on setting up wind farm units in areas where wind speeds have been established to be adequate; wind pumping systems and wind survey projects.

In addition, gome expenditure has also been incurred in other States/ UTs on wind projects taken uP on a smaller scale.